

# TMV 150 – LAURYL SULPHATE BROTH (LAURYL TRYPTOSE BROTH) (VEG.)

#### **INTENDED USE**

For detection and enumeration of coliform bacteria in water, dairy products and other foods.

#### PRODUCT SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Lauryl Tryptose Broth (Veg) is prepared by replacing Tryptose with Veg Hydrolysate No.1 which is free from BSE/TSE risks. Lauryl Tryptos Broth (Veg) is the modification of Lauryl Tryptose Broth which was formulated by Mallmann and Darby and is recommended by APHA for the presumptive detection of coliforms in water, effluent or sewage by MPN testand for the detection of coliforms in foods. This medium, like the conventional medium is designed to get rich growth and substantial amount of gas from small inocula of coliform organisms. Aerobic spore bearers are completely inhibited. Cowls showed that sodium lauryl sulphate gave selectivity to the medium for coliform bacteria.

The Lauryl Tryptose (Lauryl Sulphate) Broth (Veg) gives a higher colon index than the confirmatory standard methods media and the gas production served not only as a presumptive test but also confirmatory of the presence of the coliforms for routine testing of water.

#### **COMPOSITION**

| Ingredients             | Gms / Ltr |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Veg hydrolysate No. 1   | 20.000    |
| Lactose                 | 5.000     |
| Sodium chloride         | 5.000     |
| Dipotassium phosphate   | 2.750     |
| Monopotassium phosphate | 2.750     |
| Sodium lauryl sulphate  | 0.100     |

#### **PRINCIPLE**

This medium consists of Veg Hydrolysate No.1 which provides essential growth substances, such as nitrogen and carbon compounds, sulphate and trace ingredients. The potassium phosphates provide buffering system, while sodium chloride maintains osmotic equilibrium. Sodium lauryl sulphate inhibits organisms other than coliforms.

## **INSTRUCTION FOR USE**

- Dissolve 35.6 grams in 1000 ml purified/distilled water.
- Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely.
- Dispense in tubes containing inverted Durham's tubes and sterilize by autoclaving at 15 psi pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.

#### **QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS**

Appearance of Powder : Light yellow coloured, may have slightly greenish tinge, homogeneous, free

flowing powder.

**Appearance of prepared medium** : Light yellow coloured, clear solution without any precipitate.

**pH (at 25°C)** :  $6.8 \pm 0.2$ 

#### **INTERPRETATION**

Cultural characteristics observed after incubation.













| Microorganism                         | ATCC  | Inoculum<br>(CFU/ml) | Growth    | Gas                  | Indole (44°C)  | Incubation<br>Temperature | Incubation<br>Period |
|---------------------------------------|-------|----------------------|-----------|----------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Enterobacter<br>aerogenes             | 13048 | 50-100               | Luxuriant | Positive reaction    | Negative<br>reaction                                       | 35-37°C                   | 18-24<br>Hours       |
| Enterococcus<br>faecalis              | 29212 | >=104                | Inhibited | Negative<br>reaction | Negative<br>reaction                                       | 35-37°C                   | 18-24<br>Hours       |
| Escherichia coli                      | 25922 | 50-100               | Luxuriant | Positive<br>reaction | Positive reaction, red ring at the interface of the medium | 35-37°C                   | 18-24<br>Hours       |
| Salmonella<br>serotype<br>Typhimurium | 14028 | 50-100               | Luxuriant | Negative<br>reaction | Negative<br>reaction                                       | 35-37°C                   | 18-24<br>Hours       |
| Staphylococcus<br>aureus              | 25923 | >=104                | Inhibited | Negative<br>reaction | Negative<br>reaction                                       | 35-37°C                   | 18-24<br>Hours       |

#### **PACKAGING:**

In pack size of 100 gm and 500 gm bottles.

### **STORAGE**

Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 25-30°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened for the first time, note the time and date on the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.

Product Deterioration: Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

## **DISPOSAL**

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Mallmann and Darby, 1941, Am. J. Public Health, 31:127
- 2. Clesceri, Greenberg and Eaton (Ed), 1998, Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 20th ed, APHA, Washington, D.C.
- 3. Downes FP and Ito K (Eds.), 2001, Compendium of Methods For The Microbiological Examination of Foods, 4th ed., APHA, Washington, D.C.
- 4. Cowls, 1938, J. Am. Water Works Association, 30:979.





































**NOTE:** Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling Practices. \*For Lab Use Only

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