



TMP 011 – SABOURAUD DEXTROSE AGAR (SDA) PLATE

INTENDED USE

For cultivation of yeast, moulds and aciduric microorganisms.

PRODUCT SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Sabouraud Dextrose Agar is Carlier's modification of the formulation described by is a modification of Sabouraud Dextrose Agar which is described by Sabouraud for the cultivation of fungi (yeasts, moulds), particularly useful for the fungi associated with skin infections. This medium is also employed to determine microbial contamination in food, cosmetics, and clinical specimens.

COMPOSITION

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr	
Agar	15.000	
Dextrose (Sucrose)	40.000	
Mycological, peptone	10.000	

PRINCIPLE

Mycological Peptone provides nitrogenous compounds. Dextrose provides an energy source. High dextrose concentration and low pH favors fungal growth and inhibits contaminating bacteria from test samples.

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INSTRUCTION FOR USE

Either streak, inoculate or surface spread the test inoculum aseptically on the plate.

QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS

Appearance	
Quantity of medium	
pH (at 25°C)	
Sterility Check	

- Light amber colored medium clear to slightly opalescent gel.
- : 25ml of medium in 90mm plates.
- : 5.6± 0.2
- : Passes release criteria

INTERPRETATION

Cultural response was observed after incubation.

Microorganism	ATCC	lnoculum (CFU/ml)	Growth	Recovery	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Period
Candida albicans	10231	50-100	Luxuriant (White colonies)	>=70%	20-25°C	3-5 days
Aspergillus brasiliensis	16404	10-100	Luxuriant	>=70%	20-25°C	4-5 days
Candida albicans	2091	50-100	Luxuriant	>=70%	20-25°C	4-5 days
Saccharomyces cerevisiae	9763	50-100	Luxuriant	>=70%	20-25°C	4-5 days
Escherichia coli	25922	50-100	Luxuriant	>=70%	20-25°C	4-5 days
Escherichia coli	8739	50-100	Luxuriant	>=70%	20-25°C	4-5 days
Lactobacillus casei	334	50-100	Luxuriant	>=70%	20-25°C	4-5 days







PRODUCT DATA SHEET

PACKAGING:

Doubled layered packing containing 5 No. of plates with one silica gel desiccant bag packed inside it.

STORAGE

On receipt, store the plates at 15–30 °C. Avoid freezing and overheating. Do not open until ready to use. Prepared plates stored in their original sleeve wrapping until just prior to use may be inoculated up to the expiration date and incubated for recommended incubation times. Allow the medium to warm to room temperature before inoculation. **Product Deterioration:** Do not use plates if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying, cracking or other signs of deterioration.

DISPOSAL

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

REFERENCES

- 1. Bacteriological Analytical Manual, 8th Edition, Revision A, 1998. AOAC, Washington D.C
- 2. Carlier G. I. M., 1948, Brit. J. Derm. Syph., 60:61.
- 3. Murray PR, Baren EJ, Jorgensen JH, Pfaller MA, Yolken RH (editors) 2003, Manual of clinical Microbiology, 8th ed., ASM, Washington, D.C.
- 4. Sabouraud K., 1892, Ann. Dermatol. Syphilol, 3:1061















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IVD For In Vitro Diagnostic Use

NOTE: Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling Practices.

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*For Lab Use Only Revision: 21st March. 2022

