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TM 531 - MANNITOL MOTILITY NITRATE MEDIUM

INTENDED USE

For studying mannitol fermentation, nitrate reduction and motility of bacteria.

PRODUCT SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Mannitol Motility Nitrate Medium is designed to differentiate bacteria on the basis of their motility, ability to ferment mannitol and reduce nitrate. The highly nutritious casein enzymic hydrolysate supports luxuriant growth of bacteria. Semisolid nature of the medium due to 0.35% agar helps to detect motility. Motile bacteria produce diffused growth throughout the medium while non motile bacteria grow only along the line of inoculation. Combination of mannitol and phenol red helps differentiation of mannitol fermenting bacteria which turns the medium yellow.

Reduction of nitrate is generally an anaerobic respiration in which an organism derives its oxygen form nitrate. Members of *Enterobacteriacae* characteristically reduce nitrate to nitrite which reacts with sulfanilic acid and dimethyl-1-napthylamine to produce the red colour.

COMPOSITION

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr		
Casein enzymic hydrolysate	10.000		
Potassium nitrate	1.000		
Mannitol	7.500		
Phenol red	0.040		
Agar	3.500		

PRINCIPLE

Casein enzymic hydrolysate contains tryptophan, which is acted upon by certain microorganisms, resulting in the production of indole. Potassium nitrate acts as the substrate for determining nitrate reduction by microorganisms.

INSTRUCTION FOR USE

- Dissolve 22.04 grams in 1000 ml distilled water.
- Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely.
- Dispense into test tubes. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 psi pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.
- Cool the medium in an upright position.

QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS

Appearance of Powder	: Light yellow to pink homogeneous free flowing powder.
Appearance of prepared medium	: Red coloured clear to slightly opalescent semisolid gel forms in tubes.
pH (at 25°C)	: 7.6±0.2

INTERPRETATION

Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation.

Microorganism	ATCC	lnoculum (CFU/ml)	Growth	Mannitol fermentation	Motility	Nitrate reduction	Incubation Temperatu re	Incubati on Period	
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PRODUCT DATA SHEET



Escherichia coli	35218	50-100	Luxuriant	Positive reaction, yellow colour	Positive, growth away from stabline causing turbidity	Positive reaction red colour developed within 1-2 minutes	35-37°C	18-24 Hours
Proteus vulgaris	13315	50-100	Luxuriant	Negative reaction, no colour change or red	Positive, growth away from stabline causing turbidity	Positive reaction red colour developed within 1-2 minutes	35-37°C	18-24 Hours
Salmonella Typhi	6539	50-100	Luxuriant	Positive reaction, yellow colour	Positive, growth away from stabline causing turbidity	Positive reaction red colour developed within 1-2 minutes	35-37°C	18-24 Hours
Shigella sonnei	25931	50-100	Luxuriant	Positive reaction, yellow colour	Negative, growth along the stabline, surrounding medium remains clear	Positive reaction red colour developed within 1-2 minutes	35-37°C	18-24 Hours
Staphylococcus aureus	25923	50-100	Luxuriant	Positive reaction, yellow colour	Negative, growth along the stabline, surrounding medium remains clear	Positive reaction red colour developed within 1-2 minutes	35-37°C	18-24 Hours
Staphylococcus epidermidis	12228	50-100	Luxuriant	Negative reaction, no colour change or red	Negative, growth along the stabline, surrounding medium remains clear	Positive reaction red colour developed within 1-2 minutes	35-37°C	18-24 Hours

PACKAGING:

In pack size of 500 gm bottles.

STORAGE

Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 25-30°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened for the first time, note the time and date on the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.

Product Deterioration: Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

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DISPOSAL



PRODUCT DATA SHEET

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

REFERENCES

1. MacFaddin, 1980, Biochemical Tests, for the Identification of Medical Bacteria, 2nd ed. Williams and Wilkins Baltimore.



NOTE: Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling Practices. *For Lab Use Only Revision: 08 Nov., 2019

