

TM 1772 – ANTIBIOTIC ASSAY MEDIUM NO. 39 (as per USP)

INTENDED USE

For microbiological assay of Neomycin and Streptomycin using Klebsiella pneumoniae.

PRODUCT SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Antibiotic Assay media are used in the performance of antibiotic assays. Grove and Randall have elucidated those antibiotic assays and media in their comprehensive treatise on antibiotic assays. Schmidt and Moyer have reported the use of antibiotic assay medium for the liquid formulation used in the performance of antibiotic assay. This medium is prepared in accordance with the USP and the FDA.

COMPOSITION

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr		
Peptone	5.000		
Beef extract	1.500		
Yeast extract	1.500		
Dextrose	1.000		
Sodium chloride	3.500		
Dibasic potassium phosphate	3.680		
Monobasic potassium phosphate	1.320		

PRINCIPLE

Nutrients and growth factors are provided by ingredients like peptone, beef extract and yeast extract. Dextrose is the source of energy. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic equilibrium whereas the phosphates act as the buffering system.

INSTRUCTION FOR USE

- Dissolve 17.5 grams in 1000 ml distilled water.
- Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely.
- Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 psi pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.

QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS

Appearance of Powder : Cream to yellow coloured homogeneous free flowing powder. **Appearance of prepared medium** : Light yellow coloured clear solution without any precipitate.

pH (at 25°C) : 7.9±0.1

INTERPRETATION

Cultural characteristics observed after incubation.

Microorganism ATCC Inoculum (CFU/ml) Growth	Serial	Incubation	Incubation
	dilution with	Temperature	Period









Klebsiella pneumoniae	10031	50-100	Luxuriant	Neomycin	36-37.5°C	16-24 Hours
Staphylococcus aureus	9144	50-100	Luxuriant	Tylosin	36-37.5°C	16-18 Hours

PACKAGING:

In pack size of 500 gm bottles.

STORAGE

Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 25-30°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened for the first time, note the time and date on the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.

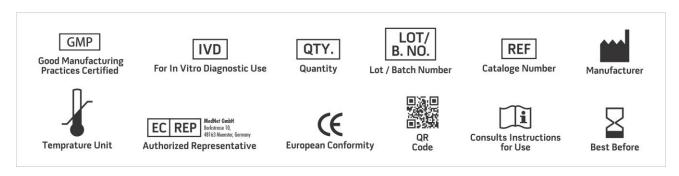
Product Deterioration: Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

DISPOSAL

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

REFERENCES

- 1. Grove and Randall, 1955, Assay Methods of Antibiotics Medical Encyclopaedia, Inc, New York.
- 2. Schmidt and Moyer, 1944; J. Bact, 47:199.
- 3. United States Pharmacopoeia/ National Formulary (USP 34/NF 29), 2011. US Pharmacopoeial Convention Inc, Rockville, MD.
- 4. Tests and Methods of Assay of Antibiotics and Antibiotic containing Drugs, FDA, CFR, 1983. Title 21, part 436, Subpart D, Washington, D.C. U.S Government printing office, paragraphs 436, 100-436, 106 pg 242-259 (April 1).



NOTE: Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling Practices.

*For Lab Use Only Revision: 08 Nov., 2019





