

# TM 1596 – RAPPAPORT VASSILIADIS SALMONELLA ENRICHMENT BROTH

### **INTENDED USE**

For selective enrichment of Salmonella species under high osmotic conditions and low pH.

### PRODUCT SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Rappaport Vassiliadis Salmonella Enrichment Broth is designed according to the revised formulation by Van Schothorst et al and is recommended for the selective enrichment of Salmonellae from pharmaceutical products. This medium can also be used in direct enrichment of samples containing low inoculum. Present medium is a modification of the Rappaport Vassiliadis Enrichment Broth described by Van Schothorst and Renauld. Addition of magnesium chloride to the medium was reported by Peterz et al.

Salmonella species can be isolated from human faeces without pre-enrichment by using this medium. Salmonella generally survive at little high osmotic pressure, grow at slightly low pH and are resistant to malachite green compared to other bacteria. These characteristics are exploited in this medium for selective enrichment of Salmonella.

The relatively lower concentration of nutrition, also aids selective enrichment of *Salmonella*. This medium was reported to be superior to *Salmonella* selective medium like Tetrathionate Broth and Selenite enrichment broth and to Tetrathionate Brilliant Green Broth for the detection of Salmonellae in milk samples. The enriched culture of Rappaport Vasiliadis Salmonella Enrichment Broth can be further subcultured and isolated on Xylose Lysine Deoxycholate Agar.

#### COMPOSITION

Ingredients	Gms / Ltr
Soya peptone	4.500
Sodium chloride	8.000
Dipotassium hydrogen phosphate	0.400
Potassium dihydrogen phosphate	0.600
Magnesium chloride hexahydrate	29.000
Malachite green	0.036

## **PRINCIPLE**

The medium consists of Magnesium chloride present in the medium which raises the osmotic pressure. Natural sugars of soya peptone provide essential growth nutrients and enhance the growth of *Salmonella*. Phosphate buffers the medium to maintain constant pH. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic balance. Malachite green inhibits many gram-positive bacteria, while selectively enriches *Salmonella*.

## **INSTRUCTION FOR USE**

- Dissolve 27.11 grams in 1000 ml purified/distilled water.
- Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely.
- Dispense as desired into tubes and sterilize by autoclaving at 10 psi pressure (115°C).

## **QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS**













**Appearance of Powder** : Light yellow to light blue homogeneous free flowing powder.

Appearance of prepared medium : Greenish blue coloured clear to slightly opalescent solution with a slight

precipitate in tubes.

pH (at 25°C) : 5.2 ± 0.2

## **INTERPRETATION**

Cultural characteristics observed after incubation for specified time. Recovery is carried out using Xylose Lysine Deoxycholate Agar, after enrichment in Rappaport Vassiliadis Salmonella Enrichment Broth.

Microorganism	ATCC	Inoculum (CFU/ml)	Growth	Colour of colony	Incubation Temperature	Incubation Period
Salmonella Typhimurium	14028	50-100	Luxuriant	Red with black centers	30-35°C	<=18 Hours
Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus	6538	>=10 <sup>3</sup>	Inhibited	-	30-35°C	>=24 Hours
Escherichia coli	25922	50 -100	None-poor	Yellow	30-35°C	18 -24 Hours
Escherichia coli	8739	50 -100	None-poor	Yellow	30-35°C	18 -24 Hours
Salmonella Enteritidis	13076	50 -100	Luxuriant	Red with black centers	30-35°C	18 -24 Hours
Salmonella Paratyphi B	8759	50 -100	Luxuriant	Red with black centers	30-35°C	18 -24 Hours
Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus	25923	>=10 <sup>3</sup>	Inhibited	-	30-35°C	>=24 Hours
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	9027	>=10 <sup>3</sup>	Inhibited	-	30-35°C	>=24 Hours
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	27853	>=10 <sup>3</sup>	Inhibited	-	30-35°C	>=24 Hours











Enterococcus faecalis	29212	>=10 <sup>3</sup>	Inhibited	-	30-35°C	>=24 Hours	
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### **PACKAGING:**

In pack size of 100 gm and 500 gm bottles.

## **STORAGE**

Dehydrated powder, hygroscopic in nature, store in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers between 25-30°C and protect from direct sunlight. Under optimal conditions, the medium has a shelf life of 4 years. When the container is opened for the first time, note the time and date on the label space provided on the container. After the desired amount of medium has been taken out replace the cap tightly to protect from hydration.

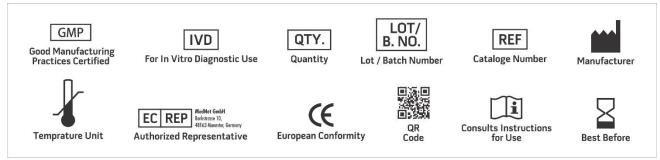
**Product Deterioration:** Do not use if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying or any other signs of deterioration.

## **DISPOSAL**

After use, prepared plates, specimen/sample containers and other contaminated materials must be sterilized before discarding.

### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handb0ook. 2 nd Edition.
- 2. Peterz M., Wiberg C. and Norberg P., 1989, J. Appl. Bact., 66:523.
- 3. Van Schothorst M., Renauld A. and VanBeek C., 1987, Food Microbiol., 4:1
- 4. Van Schothorst M. and Renauld A., 1983, J. Appl. Bact., 54:20.



NOTE: Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling Practices.

\*For Lab Use Only
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